Corporate Governance Beyond the Pandemic

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Findings of the Singapore Governance and Transparency Index 2021

Presented at the Singapore Governance and Transparency Forum

Agenda

- 1. Introduction
- 2. General Performance
 - a. Observable Effects
 - **b.** Board Issues
 - c. Stakeholder Issues
- 3. REIT and Business Trust Performance
- 4. Integrating Governance and Sustainability
- 5. Conclusion

SGTI Partnership

A Collaboration Between







Strategic Media Partner

THE BUSINESS TIMES

SGTI Advisory Panel

Ms Rachel Eng Managing Director, Eng and Co LLC

Mr Loh Hoon Sun Senior Advisor, Phillip Securities Pte Ltd

Mr Low Weng Keong Past Global President & Chairman of the

Board, CPA Australia

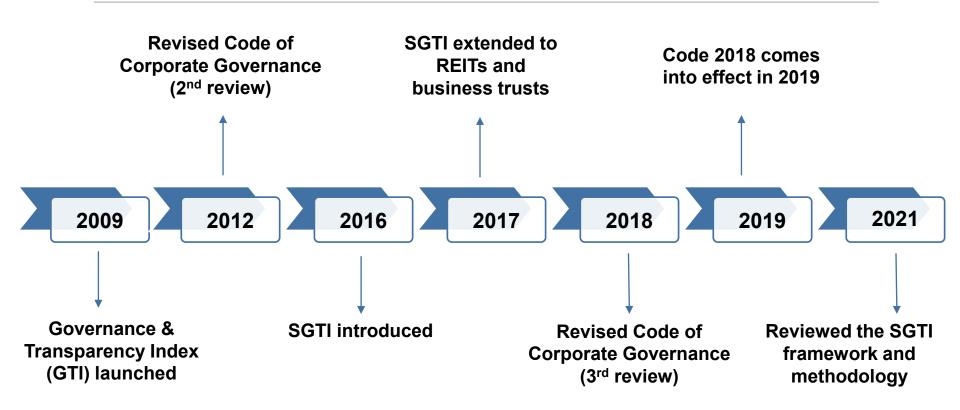
Mr Chaly Mah Chairman (Retired), Deloitte Singapore

Chairman, Singapore Accountancy

Commission

Mr Wong Wei Kong Editor, The Business Times

Corporate Governance Milestones



SGTI Coverage: Pandemic Year Assessment

General Category (519) REITs & Business Trusts (43) Excluding 261 companies: **Excluding 8 Business Trusts** and REITs 14 newly listed 2 newly listed 29 secondary listings 2 suspended from trading 76 funds 4 delisted 71 suspended from trading 4 not released report for 2 years 51 delisted 16 others

<u>Note</u>: SGTI 2021 assessed companies based on their annual reports for Financial Year 2020 released by 15 June 2021. Other sources of information for assessment include sustainability reports, websites and announcements on SGXNet.

SGTI Framework – General Category



Board Responsibilities (35 points)

Rights of Shareholders (20 points)

Engagement of Stakeholders (10 points)

Accountability & Audit (10 points)

Disclosure & Transparency (25 points)

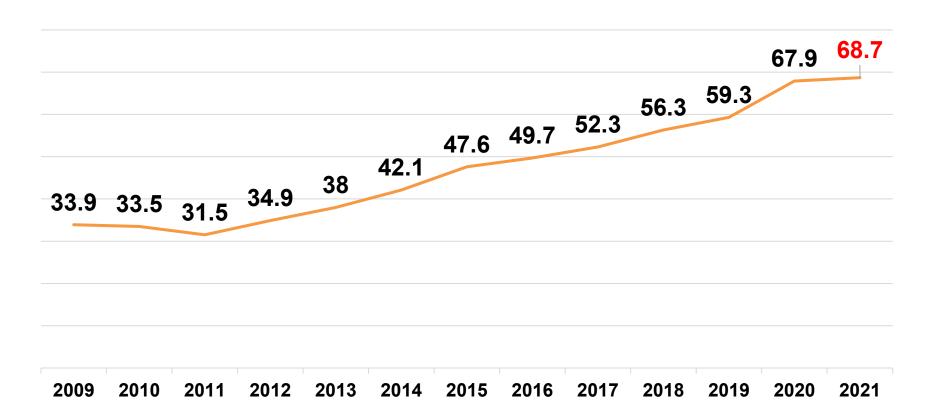


Adjustments for Bonus & Penalty (43 points)



Overall SGTI Score (143 points)

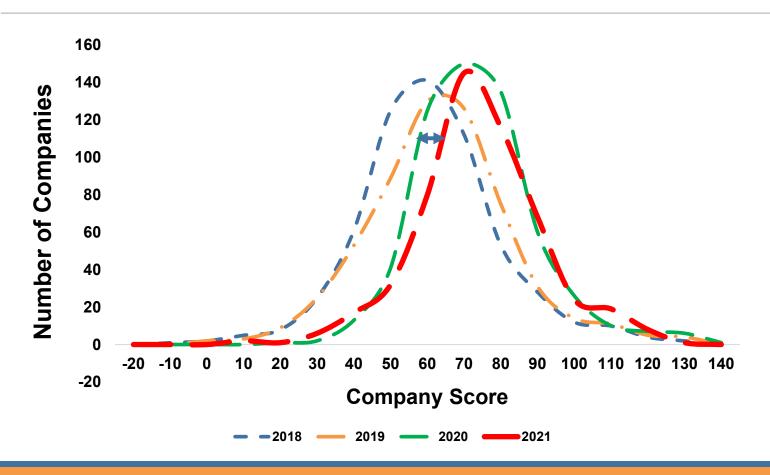
Mean Score – General Category



Score Change Breakdown

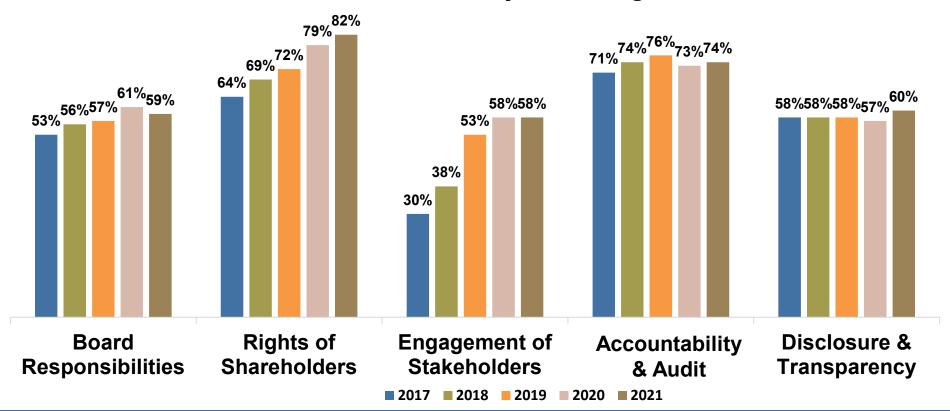
SGTI2021				SGTI2020			
Base SGTI 2021 Score	Bonus	Penalty	Overall SGTI 2021 Score	Base SGTI 2020 Score	Bonus	Penalty	Overall SGTI 2020 Score
65.3	12.7	9.3	68.7	64.8	11.6	8.4	67.9

Score Distribution



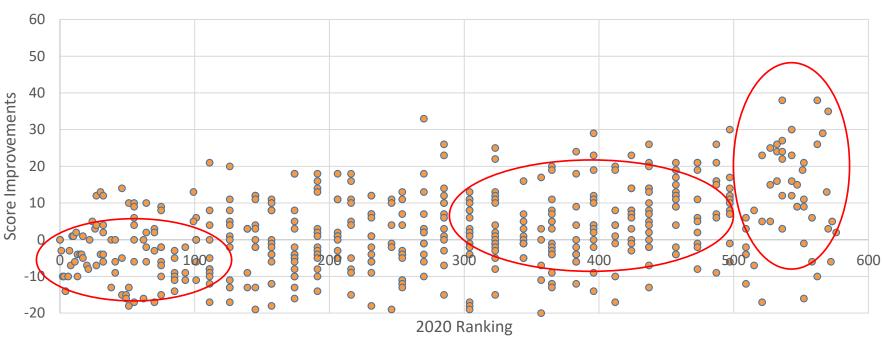
Sectional Scores

B.R.E.A.D Score by Percentage



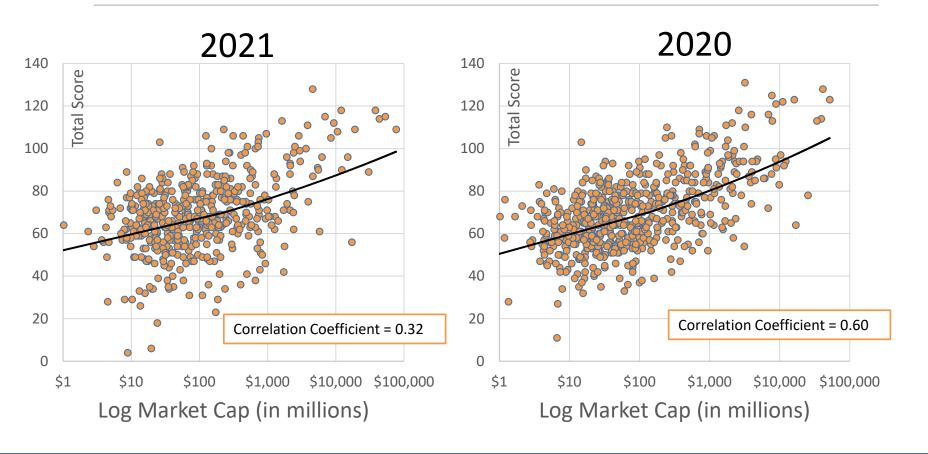
Range Effect

Score Improvements (from 2020 to 2021) against 2020 Ranking

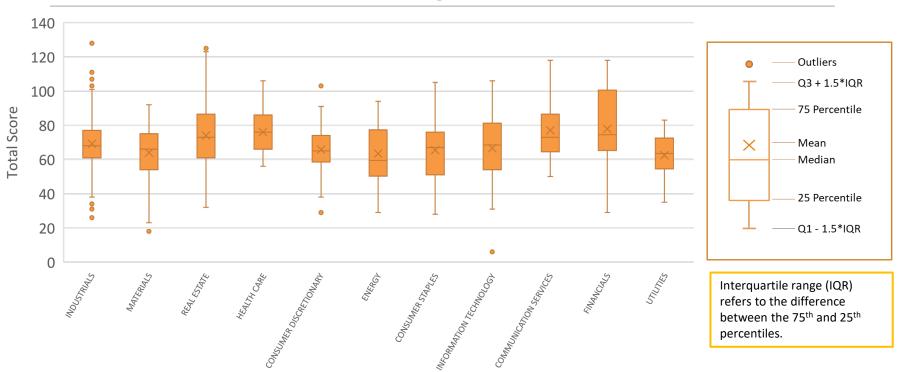


- Companies that were ranked top 100 in 2020 experienced an overall decrease in scores
- Companies that were ranked from 300 500 in 2020 showed a general improvement in scores
- Companies that were ranked the lowest in 2020 showed much significant improvement

Size Effect

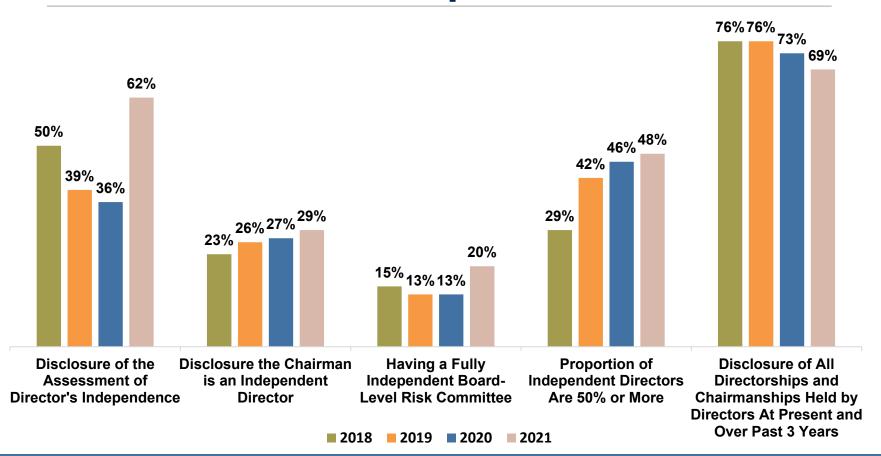


Industry Effect

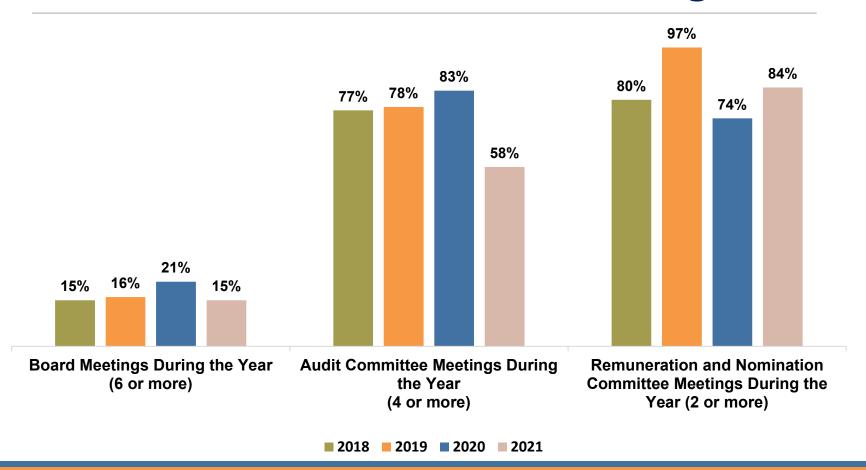


- Financial and Communication Services industries had highest mean scores as compared to others
- Real Estate and Financial industries had higher variations in scores than companies in other industries

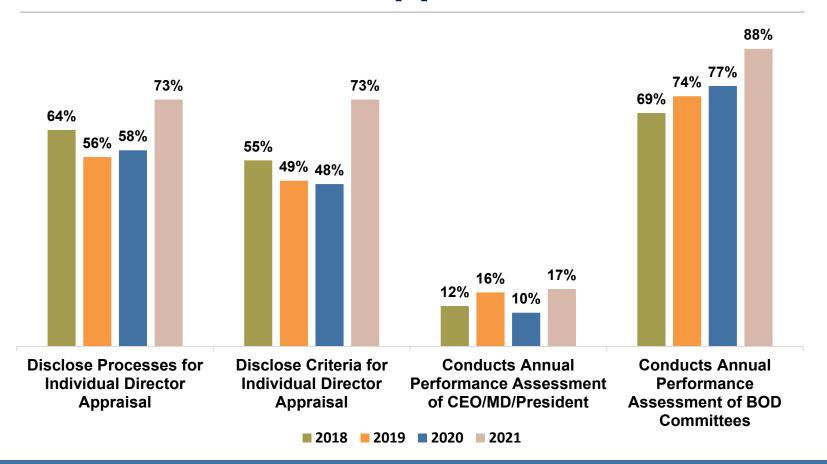
Board Independence



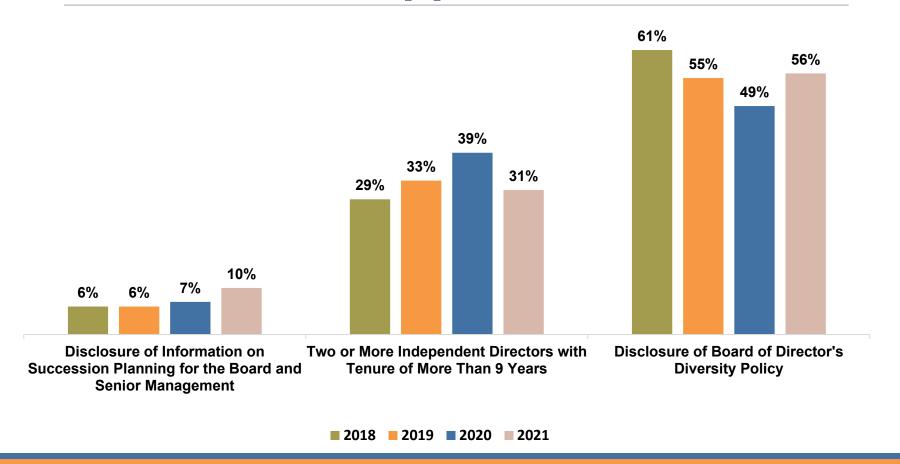
Board and Committee Meetings



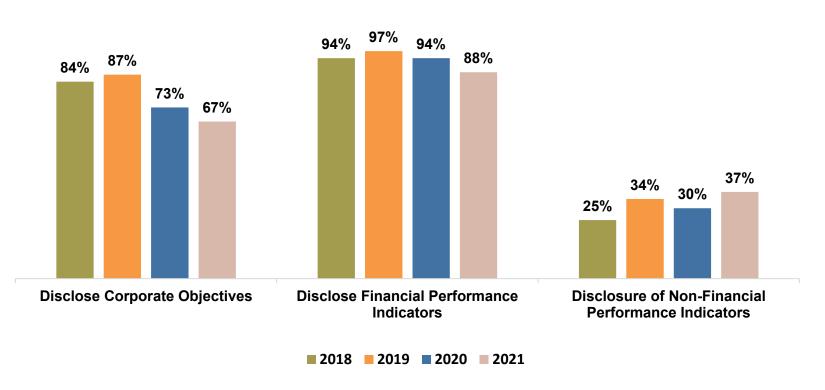
Board Appraisals



Board Appointments

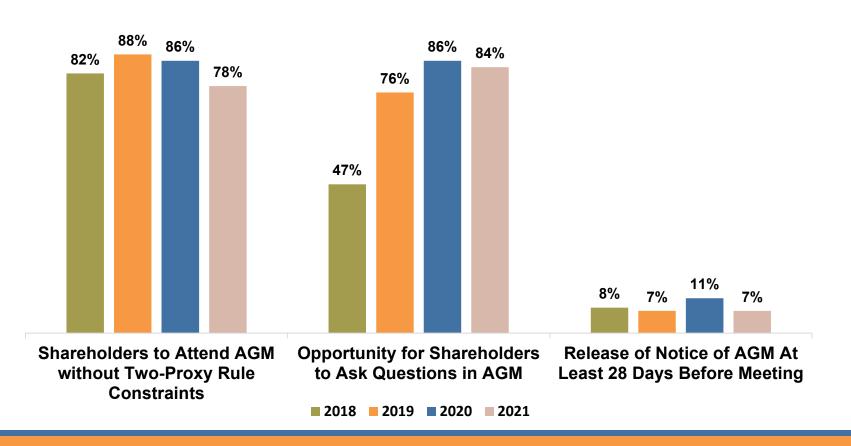


Corporate Indicators

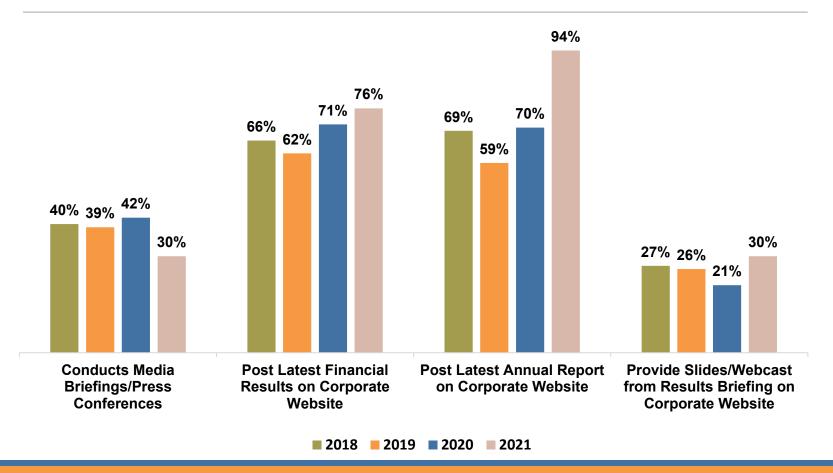


Examples of financial indicators are ROI, ROE and EPS. Examples of non-financial indicators are market share and customer satisfaction level.

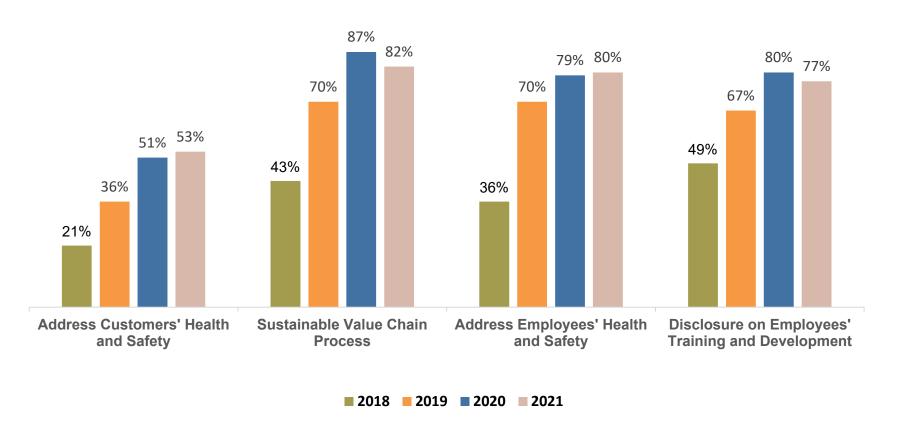
Shareholder Rights



Stakeholder Information



Sustainability Management



SGTI Framework - REITs & Business Trusts

Normalised Base Score (75 points) (B.R.E.A.D)

Board Responsibilities

Rights of Shareholders

Engagement of Stakeholders

Accountability & Audit

Disclosure & Transparency

Trust-Specific Items (25 points) (S.L.I.C.E)

Structure

<u>L</u>everage

Interested Person Transactions

Competency of Trust Manager

Emoluments

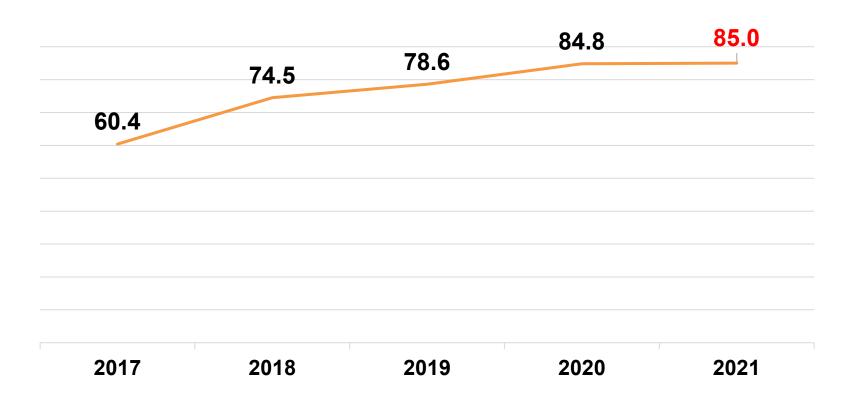


Adjustments for Bonus & Penalty (43 points)



Overall SGTI Score (143 points)

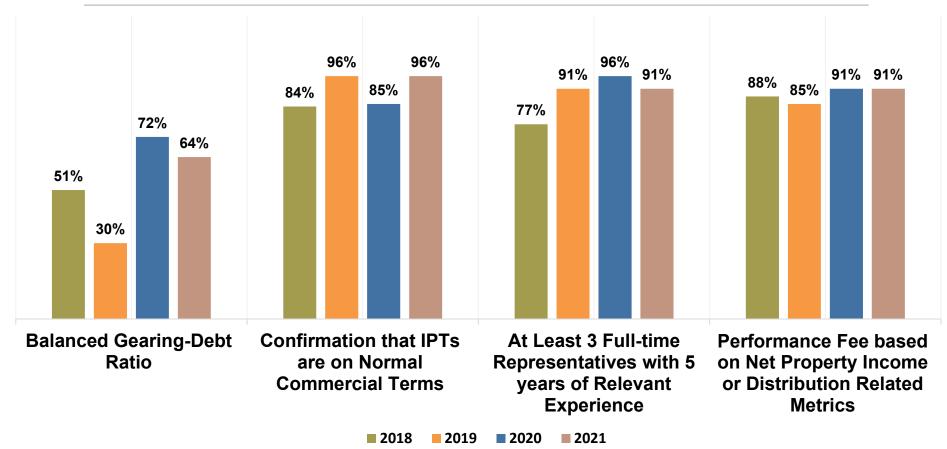
Mean Score – REITs & Business Trusts



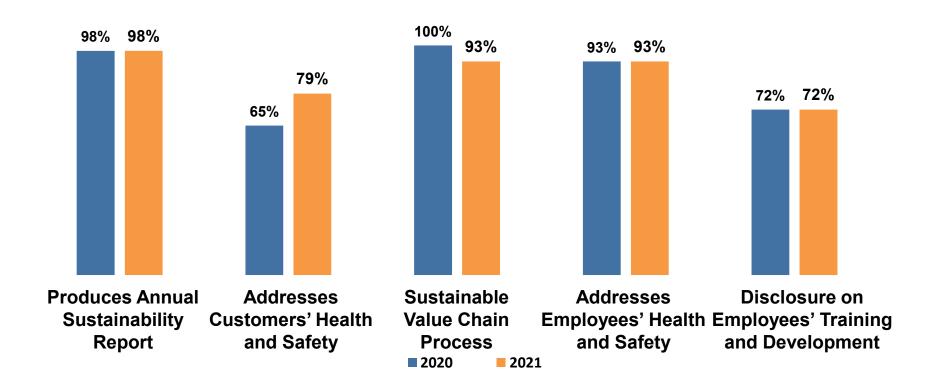
Score Change Breakdown – REITs & Business Trusts

	20	21		2020				
Base SGTI 2021 Score	Bonus	Penalty	Overall SGTI 2021 Score	Base SGTI 2020 Score	Bonus	Penalty	Overall SGTI 2020 Score	
71.5	18.5	5.1	85.0	72.6	17.2	5.0	84.8	

Key Findings – REITs & Business Trusts



Sustainability Management – REITs & Business Trusts



Boards and Stakeholders Beyond the Pandemic: Future Role of Sustainability

- Governance disclosures are guided by <u>Code of Corporate Governance</u> on comply-or-explain basis plus voluntary guidance and mandatory <u>Listing Rules</u> as well as other relevant laws
- Sustainability reporting is mandated by <u>Listing Rules</u> with components on comply-or-explain basis plus voluntary guidance
- With the increased importance attached to <u>ESG (environmental, social and governance)</u> aspects, how do we <u>integrate sustainability into boards of directors</u> in terms of <u>substance and process</u>?
- How about the emerged importance of <u>climate change</u> and the new <u>post-pandemic or endemic?</u>
- Is it time for a revised Code of Corporate Governance?
- What about other relevant initiatives and measures?

Note: The above regulations pertain to listed companies on Singapore Exchange

Summary

- SGTI 2021 increased marginally and reached all-time high scores of 68.7 (General Category) and 85.0 (REIT and Business Trust Category)
- 2. In most domains of B.R.E.A.D, companies generally either maintained or improved their scores. **The domain 'Board Responsibilities' had notable drop in performance.**
- 3. There is **weaker positive relationship** between market capitalisation and total scores. Financial and Communication Services industries had **highest mean scores**. Real Estate and Financial industries had **higher variations in scores**.
- 4. For Boards, assessment for director independence has increased. <u>Board</u> and audit committee meetings had decreased. There was strong increase in disclosures on director and board appraisals.

Summary

- 5. In the aspect of stakeholders, there is need for better opportunities for shareholders to ask questions at AGMs and to receive timely meeting notices. Media engagement has to be strengthened. The core aspects of sustainability have seen good progress momentum.
- 6. At the company level, it is essential to integrate sustainability with corporate governance. Boards have to take on stronger roles.
- 7. At the systemic level, with the importance of ESG and critical aspects such as climate change and the post-pandemic or endemic, is it time to review the Code of Corporate Governance and introduce other initiatives?